5G Enhanced Smart Junctions





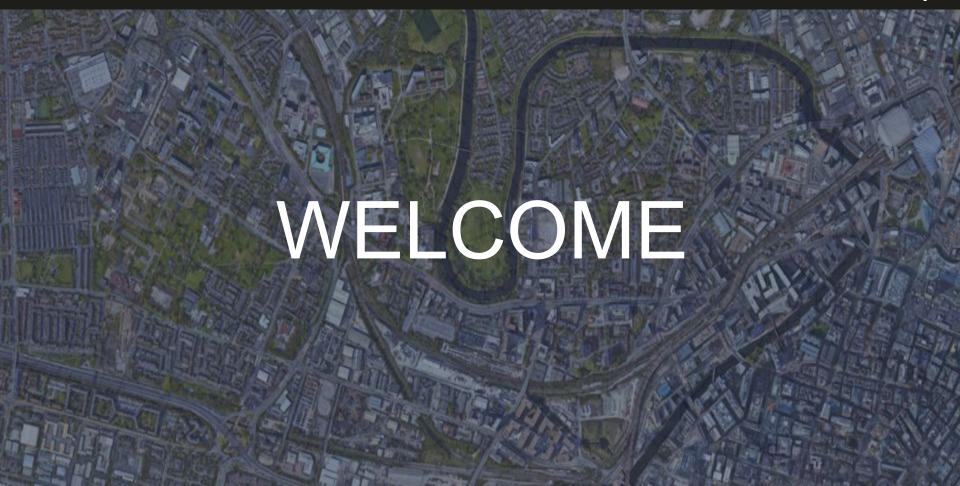




















Alexander Yeomans

VivaCity Technical Project Manager



Maria Lema

Weaver Labs Co-Founder



Sam Li

TfGM Senior Innovation Officer



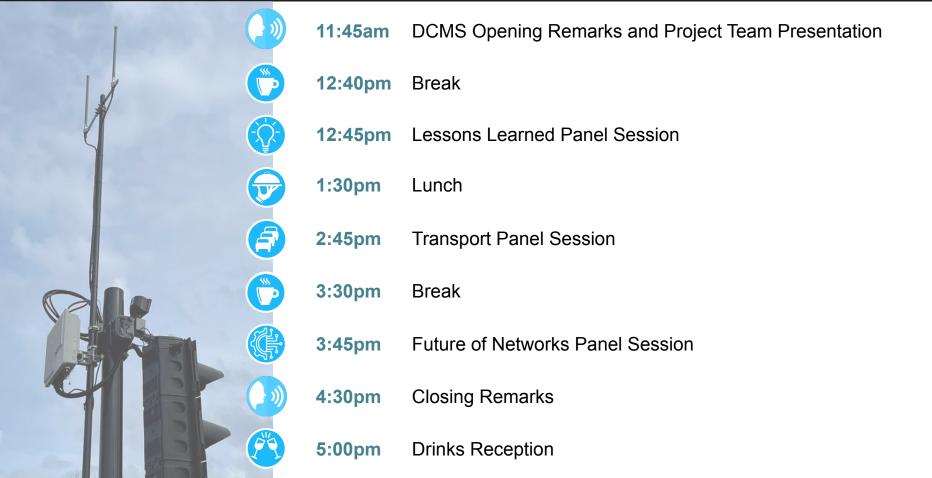
Hannah Tune

TfGM ITS Development Manager

Agenda







DCMS Opening Remarks





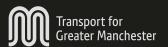




So, What Have We Been Up



Aims and Objectives











Demonstrate benefits to real time traffic control and cost benefits of rolling out SJ 5G



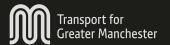
Vendor Diversification

Deliver a 5G private O-RAN network that seamlessly integrates between assets whilst prioritising cyber-security



Business Model

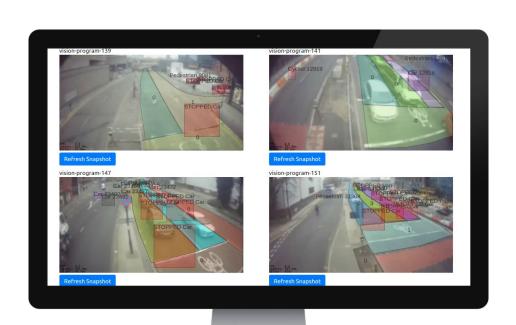
Demonstrate long term commercial benefits using a NaaS commercial model with a local authority owned network





Smart City Use Case

VivaCity's Smart Junctions - an Al based traffic signal optimisation



Helping cities to modernise their traffic signal control





Coordinated Control Initially



Congestion Focus
Automation unusual

Coordinated Control Today



Air Quality
Sustainable Travel
Worse Congestion
Same tech as 1990s



Multi-Modal Optimisation

Efficiently and Effectively

Enact new city wide policies

Better Optimisation

Local, regional and city-wide scale

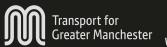
Dynamic and Adaptive

To quick changes in demand

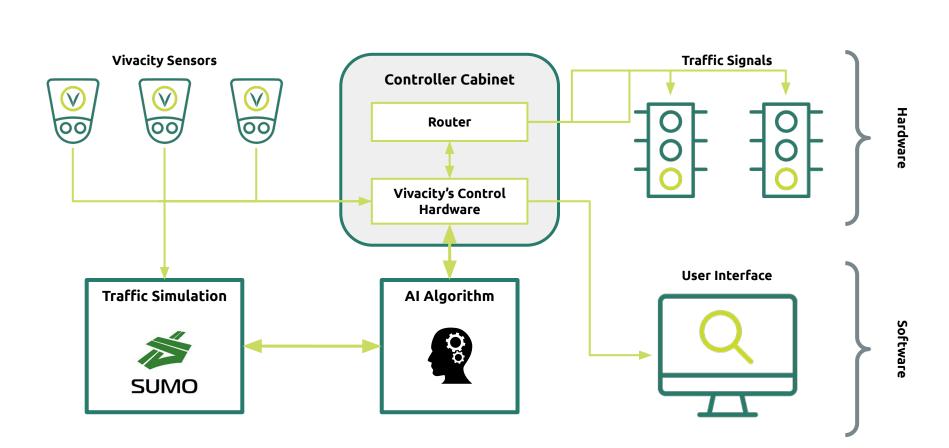
Automated Calibration

Modern interface

Our award-winning Smart Junction solution that uses cutting edge reinforcement learning



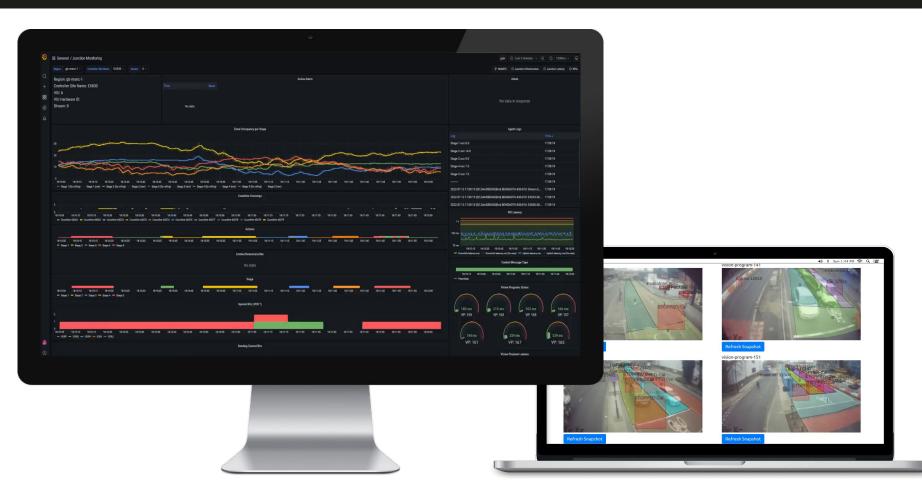




Vivacity Junction Monitoring Dashboard







Smart Junctions Corridor









9 Junctions in corridor



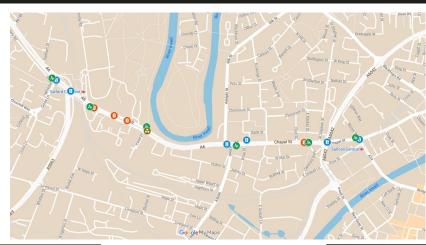
57 sensors installed



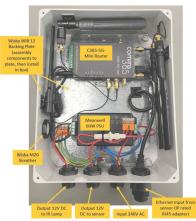
49 External 5G routers Retrofit



Development for Integrated 5G Vivacity Sensor









Smart Junction Connectivity





Real Time Deployments require a low latency, reliable connection



Wired Ethernet

Prohibitive cost Non-scalable



Wireless 4G

Unreliable, High latency - particularly with high congestion

What we have seen in deployments already













Connectivity Method

Connectivity

Effects

Wireless 5G/4G + Ethernet

For sensors, both wireless and wired for cabinet hardware

Network congested locations next to train stations and **University buildings**

High Latency peaks

Wireless 4G

For both sensors and cabinet hardware

Connectivity blind spots

Un-reliable

High latency peaks

Wireless 4G

For both sensors and cabinet hardware

Network congested location

Connectivity blind spots

High Latency peaks

This is where a private 5G network comes in















Reliable & Replicable

Minimal network downtime in an architecture that is easily replicable

Low Latency

No latency peaks during congested periods and allowing real time data

Scalable & **Cost Effective**

Cost benefits particularly at scale when connecting a corridor or region

5G Technical











The Challenge: a cheap network that can grow fast

Requirements

- → Strictly separated from the consumer traffic to make sure it's available when the sensors need it
- Affordable and easy to maintain to reduce the gap of adoption by using a commoditised approach to connectivity
- Leverage the existing public infrastructure. Street assets can be used very easily to scale networks in Smart Cities.
- → Able to serve more than one application, creating a sustainable business model for local authorities investing in infrastructure

An edge-based 5G Network



5G Private Network built on street side cabinets and traffic lights using industrial equipment.



Cloud-based network running on COTS using software tools that cut operational costs.



Create a platform for innovation available to other Smart City Applications to create stackable use cases.

CHALLENGE: space in the cabinets, available equipment and access to backhaul.

CHALLENGE: tech not ready to be included in cloud-native, remote control of physical elements such as power.

CHALLENGE: Integration into OpenRAN not ready to create seamless automated use case integration.



Use of shared spectrum band and Small Cells the size of a shoebox.

Avoid lock in to remain cost-effective.

The 5G Network software had to follow a micro-service architecture and API design where disaggregation of components and integration with other components is feasible

Zero-Trust approach to Cybersecurity as an alternative of security by obscurity given by end-to-end deployments provided by a one Vendor solution.

The Network deployment In partnership with)) telet ((



OpenRAN 5G SA











Transport Network













Edge-Cloud Component

Bare-Metal Cloud to control all resources in the machine and support the network remotely using Canonical MaaS which helps to manage and scale the deployments using automated tools.

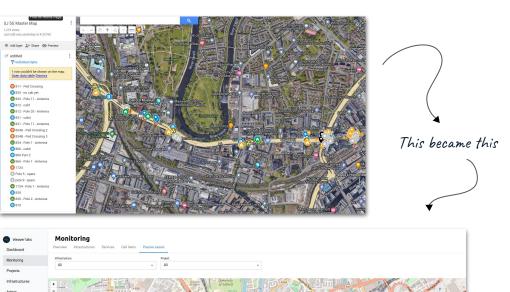


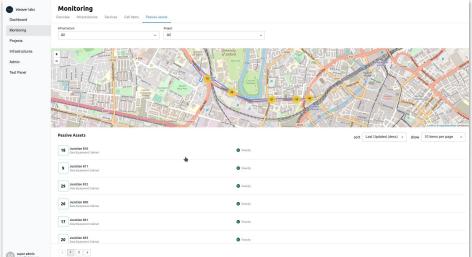
Public Sector owned assets to build the network

It took us 9 months to gather all the relevant data of the assets used in the project during the planning phase: there was no single repository of data, no up to date diagrams and multiple layers of data ownership which cost us time and effort to gather.

We built it into Cell-Stack

monitoring where these are now mapped using a specific data schema and allows for easy logging of updates.





At the beginning of the project we were given the task of building a cybersecurity strategy...

Truth to be told: it was more challenging than we thought

Cybersecurity Strategy



Securing an organisation goes beyond the product or service offering

We need more clarity on the standards that should be adopted New methods to map security principles with postures and best practices

Straightforward way to measure the risk a given organisation poses



Existing problems

Large investments to create cybersecurity strategies, which may not be a priority

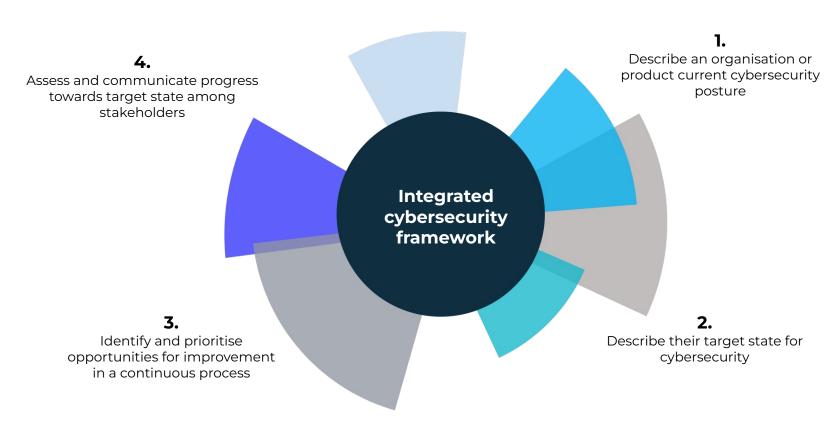
A slower adoption of best practices - major impact to Telecoms security requirements!

A more challenging way to address platforms and adopt innovation across the whole stack

So we took it as an opportunity to innovale

Cybersecurity Strategy





We create a cybersecurity ranking tool





Summing up

We wanted to build a network that supported 3 pillars

A Smart City application



 Vendor diversification and network integration



 New business models for public sector owned infrastructure

Now we have the basis to use **Cell-Stack** to explore the innovations we can bring into new business models for Telecoms.

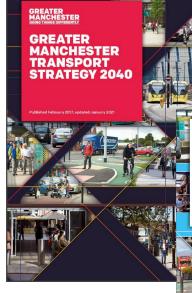
TfGM Strategy and Plans

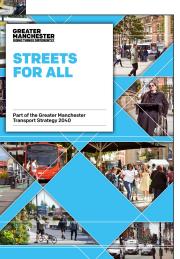


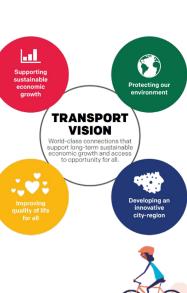




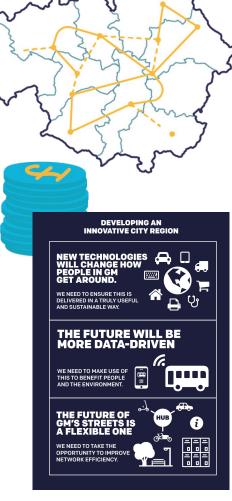
















BAU

TfGM Innovation Prospectus

R&D Health, wellness & Connected people **Sharing Economy** Al & Data **Future Energy** and places wellbeing LIME e-scooter Trial Project Synergy CCAV Platoon DCMS 5G Smart Junction A-TRIG - Vision Travel Assist BE.EV – EV Charging in GM Cargroo e-cargo bike Trial MISDT case study e-Hubs - Mobility Hubs **Mobility Hub Planning Tool** InPost Parcel Lockers (Agent Base Modelling) Partnership, collaboration and new ways of working

EU Partners - Horizon Europe, POLIS, UITP, CCAM, EMTA
UK National Partners - DfT, DCMS, BEIS, Satellite Application Catapult, InnovateUK

ERDF Greater Manchester AI & Cyber Foundry
Alan Turing Institute

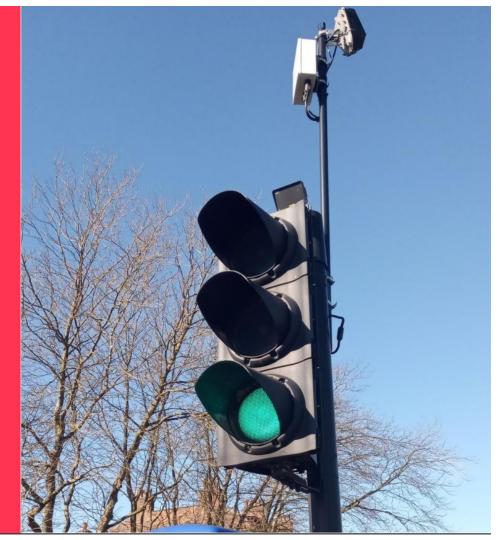






Key Narrative

- Digital & technology utilising existing highway infrastructure in more efficient manner. Data driven approach to achieve policy objectives
- Digital connectivity (5G) as a mean to reduce the cost of deploying technology to aid achieving GM region decarbonation and green objectives.
- A GM digital connectivity blueprint that can be replicated for other corridors within the region.
 Creating an living lab corridor to demonstrate and showcase future smart cities solutions
- Developed in a partnership approach with SMEs to create an Open Network Infrastructure (OpenRAN) to provide flexibility for future developmenth "Use case stacking"





Developing a sustainable eco-system

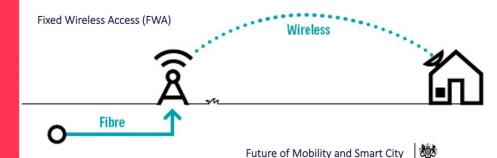
- Partnership development. SME / Commercial / University and Charities
- Thinking about 5G beyond connectivity and use case. Cyber Security, OpenRAN
- Developing skills and capability supporting the network infrastructure
- Making Public Sector a smarter customer to start considering the art of the possible
- Supporting the Future Blueprint to Replication at a regional level and replicating nationally



5G Public Sector "Use Case Stacking"

The report will outline use cases that could leverage the 5G corridor as part of the project. Working in partnership with GMCA and GM stakeholders to help determine the commercial sustainability of the network.

Digital Connectivity Poverty / Equality- Fixed Wireless Access (FWA)
Enabling Innovative public services — Digital Health Care
Enabling Innovative public services — Police and Civil Enforcement
Enabling Innovation public service- Future of Mobility and Smart City
Private Sector Use case - Commercial Sustainability
Neutral Host Operational Modal — Telecon Engagement
Enabling Innovation public service — Future of Education



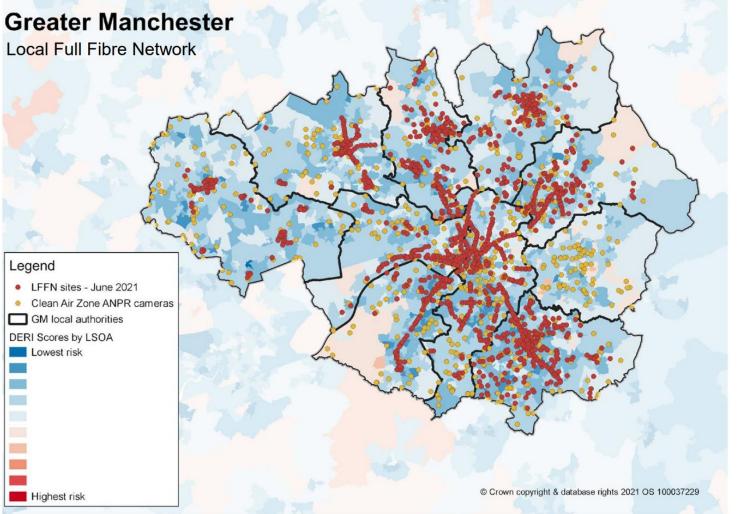
Connected Vehicle Strategy- DfT

Department

for Transport

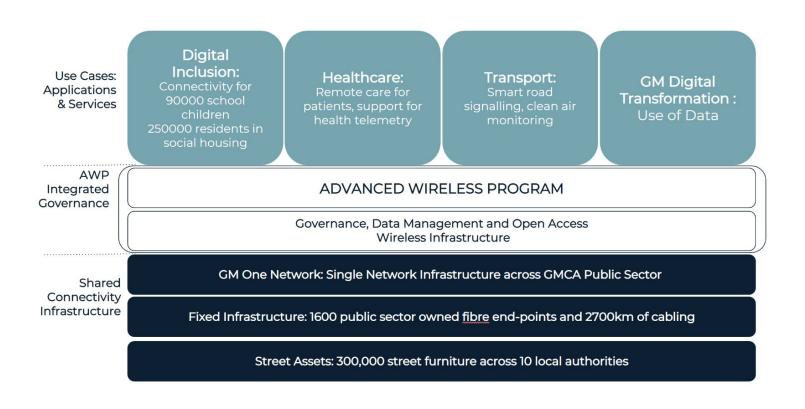




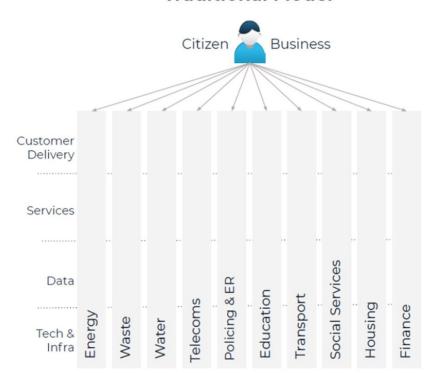


The Advanced Wireless Program fills a gap

By implementing an integrated wireless layer to support the delivery of existing and new services

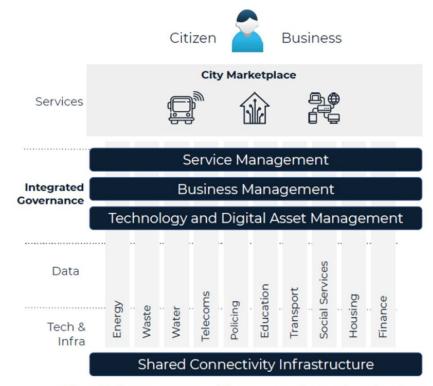


Traditional Model



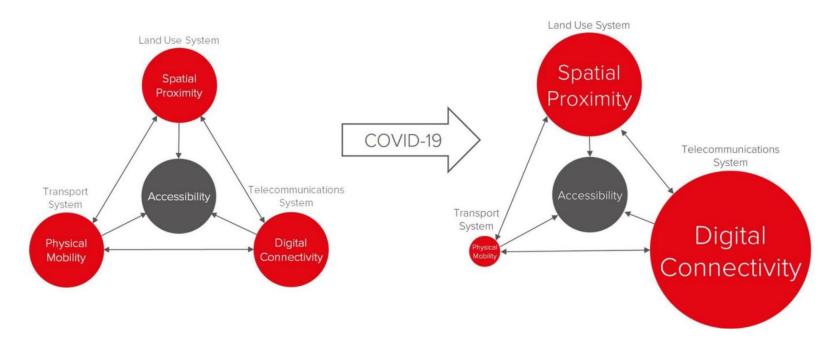
- Built on silos and not connected → Inefficient
- Closed and difficult to access for innovation
- No ability to scale to provide cross-sector citywide solutions

New Integrated Model



- Shred infrastructure with aggregation points for data management and governance
- Enables external innovation for services
- Flexible and agile to grow → Better ROI

Discovering the triple access planning 'sweet spot': - Glenn Lyons



https://www.transportxtra.com/publications/local-transport-today/news/68866/discovering-the-triple-access-planning-sweet-spot-/

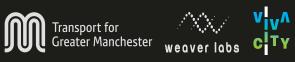
"The time is coming where we need to see digital connectivity as a basic human right. Without it, people will be shut out of the conversation, lose access to essential services and miss out on a whole range of opportunities.

"This is why I am setting a new ambition to help all under-25s, over-75s and disabled people in Greater Manchester to get online."

Andy Burnham Mayor of Greater Manchester



Results and Findings









So,

How has

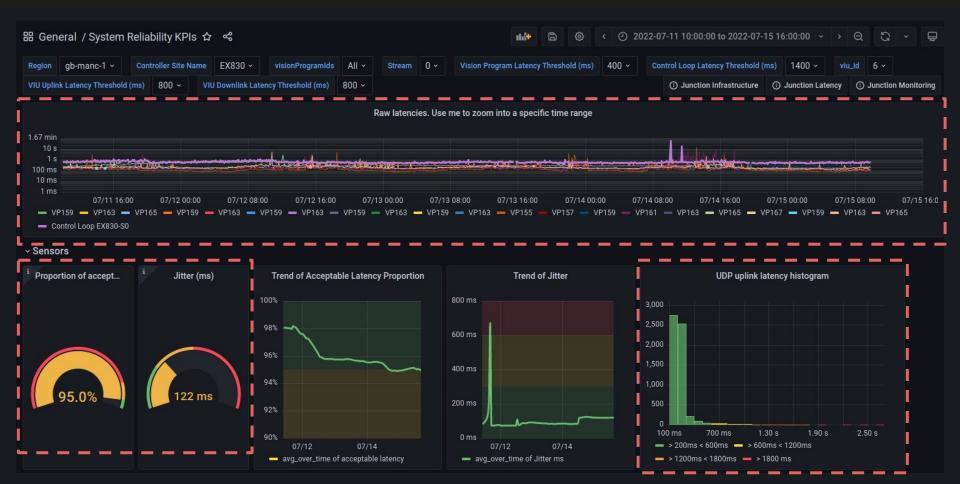
Testing Gone...



Latency Data Dashboard (Site 830)







Junction Control Latency Results









4G







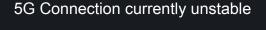












Connection dropouts

Currently proportion of acceptable latency is better for 4G on average

Jitter effects noticeable by University site

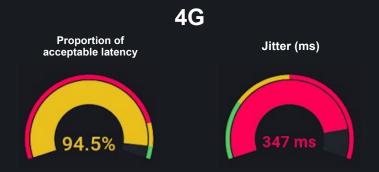
Low number of device connectability

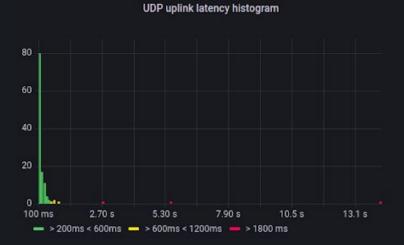
Peak Period Latency Results

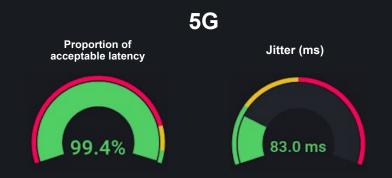


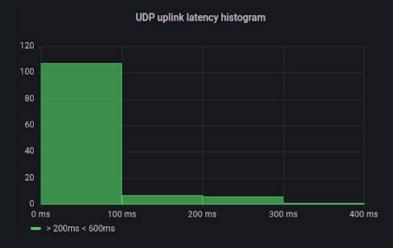












WebTag Analysis





1%

Further Journey Time Improvement on 5G (up to 23% improvement already achieved in Manchester)

16 Million

Journeys a year



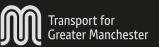
Average Journey Time

£45k

Yearly Total Road User
Cost Saving at 1
Junction

4 Arm
Urban Junction

Cost Benefit







£250k

5G Network Cost



£170k

Hardware, Software & Backhaul



£30k

Installation



£50k

Operational

£6.5k

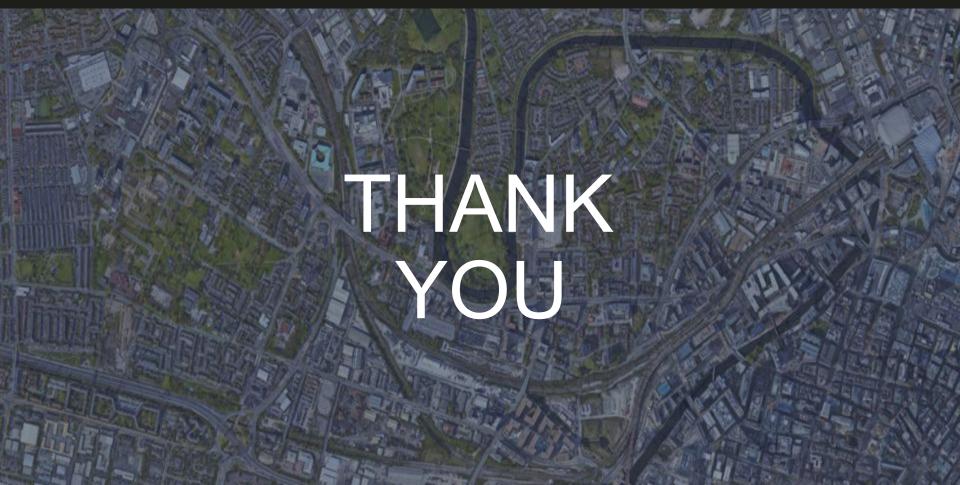
1 SJ on Ethernet

















Welcome to the future

Smart Junctions 5G End of Project Showcase

Lessons Learned Panel Session

Time: 12:45 PM - 1:30 PM





Alex Cleaves Moderator



Hannah Tune



Alexander Yeomans



Maria Lema



Ed King

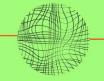












REFRESHMENT BREAK











Welcome to the future

Smart Junctions 5G End of Project Showcase

Transport Panel Session

Time: 12:45 PM - 1:30 PM





Sam Li **Moderator**



Peter Boulton



Peter Mildon



John Paddington

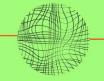












REFRESHMENT BREAK







Weaver Labs





Welcome to the future

Smart Junctions 5G End of Project Showcase

Future of Networks Panel Session

Time: 3:45 pm - 4:30 pm





Maria Lema
Moderator



Andy Sutton



David Pedley



Mick Goulding



Nigel Linge

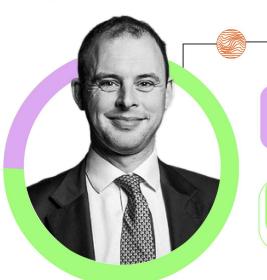






Welcome to the future

Smart Junctions 5G End of Project Showcase



SPECIAL GUEST:

Minister of State Matt Warman MP

Giving the closing remarks

